

**SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION****Product Identifier**

*Product Form:* Mixture  
*Product Name:* Asphalt Cement, Polymer Modified  
*Synonyms:* All asphalt binders including but not limited to PG64E-28, PG64V-28, PG70-28, PG76-22, PG76-28, PG82-22, PG82-28, PG64V-22, PG64E-22, PG76-28HP, PG64E-34, PG58E-34, PG58E-28, PG70E-34, PG73E-34, PG70E-28 (with or without additives).

**Intended Use of the Product**

*Use of the substance/mixture:* Binder component of Hot Mix Asphalt (Pavement).

**Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party**

*Company:* All States Construction, Inc. & Subsidiaries  
325 Amherst Road  
Sunderland, MA 01375  
413-665-7021  
[www.asmg.com](http://www.asmg.com)

*Manufacturer:* All State Asphalt, LLC.  
901 River Road  
Deerfield, MA 01342  
413-773-9798

**Emergency Telephone Number**

*Emergency Number:* 800-424-9300

**SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Classification of the Substance or Mixture***Classification (GHS-US)*

Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Carc. 1B	H350
Repr. 2	H361
STOT RE 1	H372
Aquatic Acute 3	H402
Full text of H-phases:	see Section 16

**Label Elements***GHS-US Labeling**Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)**Signal Word (GHS-US)*

Danger

*Hazard Statements (GHS-US)*

H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H350 - May cause cancer.  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

H372 - Causes damage to organs (adrenals, bone marrow, liver, lymph nodes, kidney, stomach, and thymus) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.  
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 - Wear eye protection, respiratory protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

### Other Hazards

Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal, and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant. If stored under heat for extended periods or significantly agitated, this material might evolve or release hydrogen sulfide, a flammable gas, which can raise and widen this material's actual flammability limits and significantly lower its auto-ignition temperature. Hydrogen sulfide is a toxic gas that can be fatal. It also has a rotten egg smell that causes odor fatigue very quickly and shouldn't be used as an indicator for the presence of gas.

### Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

7 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)  
7 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Substance

Not applicable

### Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Asphalt	(CAS No) 8052-42-4	> 86	Not classified
Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate	(CAS No) 64724-04-7	< 10	Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 1, H372

			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Styrene-butadiene copolymer	(CAS No) 9003-55-8	< 7	Not classified
Superphosphoric acid	(CAS No) 8017-16-1	< 1	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Conventional Cross-Linking Agent	(CAS No) Proprietary*	< 1	Comb. Dust, H232 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### Description of First Aid Measures

*First-aid Measures General:* Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

*First-aid Measures After Inhalation:* Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

*First-aid Measures After Skin Contact:* Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Seek medical attention for thermal burns. Do not attempt to forcibly remove material from skin after cooling.

*First-aid Measures After Eye Contact:* Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

*First-aid Measures After Ingestion:* Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if a large amount is swallowed.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

*Symptoms/Injuries:* During processing, inhalation of fumes may cause dizziness and/or irritation to the eyes, nose, and throat. Hot molten product will cause thermal burns to the skin. Causes skin irritation.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:* Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause respiratory irritation.

**WARNING:** irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:* Causes skin irritation. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:* Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:* Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

*Chronic Symptoms:* May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to adrenals, bone marrow, liver, lymph nodes, kidney, stomach, and thymus through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

If burned by hot product, cool affected area immediately with cool water. Do not attempt to remove solidified material from skin. Seek medical attention immediately. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES****Extinguishing Media**

*Suitable Extinguishing Media:* Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Earth. Sand. Dry chemical powder.

*Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:* Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water. Reacts violently on contact with water. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

**Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture**

*Fire Hazard:* Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

*Explosion Hazard:* Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant.

*Reactivity:* Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions..

**Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Other Information: Do not add water to molten material as this may cause spattering.

**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

*General Measures:* Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. No smoking.

**For Non-emergency Personnel**

*Protective Equipment:* Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

*Emergency Procedures:* Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

**For Emergency Responders**

*Emergency Procedures:* Eliminate ignition sources. Stop leak if safe to do so. If possible, stop flow of product.

**Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

**Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up**

*For Containment:* Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally.

*Methods for Cleaning Up:* Cool molten material to limit spreading. Allow liquid material to solidify before cleaning up. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal.

**Reference to Other Sections**

Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for Safe Handling

*Additional Hazards When Processed:* Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

*Precautions for Safe Handling:* Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Do NOT breathe dust, vapor, mist, or spray.

#### Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

*Storage Conditions:* Keep in fireproof place.

*Incompatible Materials:* Heat sources.

*Storage Area:* Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Specific End Use(s)

Binder component of Hot Mix Asphalt (Pavement).

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

#### Asphalt (8052-42-4)

USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)

#### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	100 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm

#### Exposure Controls

##### *Appropriate Engineering Controls*

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

##### *Personal Protective Equipment*

Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



<i>Materials for Protective Clothing</i>	With molten material wear thermally protective clothing.
<i>Hand Protection</i>	If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.
<i>Skin and Body Protection</i>	Wear suitable protective clothing.
<i>Respiratory Protection</i>	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.
<i>Consumer Exposure Controls</i>	Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

<i>Physical State</i>	Liquid
<i>Appearance</i>	Black semi-solid
<i>Odor</i>	No data available
<i>Odor Threshold</i>	No data available
<i>pH</i>	No data available
<i>Evaporation Rate</i>	No data available
<i>Melting Point</i>	No data available
<i>Freezing Point</i>	No data available
<i>Boiling Point</i>	No data available
<i>Flash Point</i>	290 - 315 °C (554 - 599 °F)
<i>Auto-ignition Temperature</i>	No data available
<i>Decomposition Temperature</i>	No data available
<i>Flammability (solid, gas)</i>	No data available
<i>Vapor Pressure</i>	No data available
<i>Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C</i>	No data available
<i>Relative Density</i>	No data available
<i>Specific Gravity</i>	1.025 - 1.04 @15.6 °C (60 °F)
<i>Solubility</i>	Insoluble
<i>Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water</i>	No data available
<i>Viscosity</i>	750 - 2700 cP @135 °C (275 °F)
<i>Other Information:</i> No additional information available.	

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

*Reactivity:* Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

*Chemical Stability:* Stable under normal conditions.

*Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:* Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

*Conditions to Avoid:* Extremely high or low temperatures. Ignition sources. Incompatible *materials*.

*Incompatible Materials:* Water, sparks, open flame, volatile liquids, strong acids, and H<sub>2</sub>S fumes.

*Hazardous Decomposition Products:* Thermal decomposition generates : Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on Toxicological Effects

*Acute Toxicity:* Not classified

<i>Asphalt (8052-42-4)</i>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<i>Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)</i>	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	444 ppm/4h
<i>Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate solvent (64742-04-7)</i>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<i>Conventional Cross-Linking Agent</i>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 3000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 9.23 mg/l/4h

*Skin Corrosion/Irritation:* Causes skin irritation.

*Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:* Not classified

*Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:* Not classified

*Germ Cell Mutagenicity:* Not classified

*Carcinogenicity:* May cause cancer.

<i>Asphalt (8052-42-4)</i>	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Twelfth Report - Items under consideration.
<i>Styrene-butadiene copolymer (9003-55-8)</i>	
IARC group	3

*Reproductive Toxicity:* Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

*Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure):* Not classified

*Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):* Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

*Aspiration Hazard:* Not classified

*Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:* Inhalation of fumes or vapors may cause respiratory irritation.

**WARNING:** irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:* May cause an allergic skin reaction. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.

*Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:* Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.



**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects. May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

**Chronic Symptoms:** May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to adrenals, bone marrow, liver, lymph nodes, kidney, stomach, and thymus through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Toxicity

*Ecology – General:* Harmful to aquatic life.

#### *Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)*

LC50 Fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

#### *Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate solvent (64742-04-7)*

EC50 Daphnia 1	1.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
----------------	---

#### *Conventional Cross-Linking Agent*

LC50 Fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	736 mg/l
LC 50 Fish 2	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])

### Persistence and Degradability

No additional information available

### Bioaccumulative Potential

#### *Asphalt (8052-42-4)*

BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	> 6

#### *Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)*

BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	0.45 (at 25 °C)

#### *Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate solvent (64742-04-7)*

Log Pow	> 0.5 (at 20 °C)
---------	------------------

### Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

### Other Adverse Effects

No additional information available

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Waste treatment methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.



*Additional Information:* Recycle the material as far as possible. Avoid release into environment.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### In Accordance with DOT

<i>Proper Shipping Name</i>	ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Asphalt)
<i>Hazard Class</i>	9
<i>Identification Number</i>	UN3257
<i>Label Codes</i>	9
<i>Packing Group</i>	III
<i>ERG Number</i>	128



#### In Accordance with IMDG

<i>Proper Shipping Name</i>	ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Asphalt)
<i>Hazard Class</i>	9
<i>Identification Number</i>	UN3257
<i>Packing Group</i>	III
<i>Label Codes</i>	9
<i>EmS-No. (Fire)</i>	F-A
<i>EmS-No. (Spillage)</i>	S-P



#### In Accordance with IATA

<i>Proper Shipping Name</i>	ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Asphalt)
<i>Packing Group</i>	III
<i>Identification Number</i>	UN3257
<i>Hazard Class</i>	9
<i>Label Codes</i>	9
<i>ERG Number</i>	9L



### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### US Federal Regulations

<i>Asphalt Cement (Unmodified, Neat)</i>	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<i>Asphalt (8052-42-4)</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<i>Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and

Regulations **Revision Date:** 8/14/2024

**Date of Issue:** 8/14/2024

**Version:** 1.3

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
<i>Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate solvent (64742-04-7)</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<i>Styrene-butadiene copolymer (9003-55-8)</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<i>Conventional Cross-Linking Agent</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<i>Superphosphoric acid (8017-16-1)</i>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

### US State Regulations

<i>Asphalt (8052-42-4)</i>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<i>Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)</i>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<i>Extracts, petroleum, heavy paraffinic distillate solvent (64742-04-7)</i>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
<i>Conventional Cross-Linking Agent</i>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

*Revision Date* 8/14/2024

*Other Information* This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### GHS Full Text Phrases

<i>Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)</i>	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
<i>Aquatic Acute 1</i>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
<i>Aquatic Acute 2</i>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
<i>Aquatic Acute 3</i>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3

<i>Carc. 1B</i>	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
<i>Comb. Dust</i>	Combustible Dust
<i>Eye Dam. 1</i>	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
<i>Eye Irrit. 2A</i>	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
<i>Flam. Gas 1</i>	Flammable gases Category 1
<i>Liquefied gas</i>	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
<i>Met. Corr. 1</i>	Corrosive to metals Category 1
<i>Repr. 2</i>	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
<i>Skin Corr. 1B</i>	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
<i>Skin Irrit. 2</i>	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
<i>STOT RE 1</i>	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
<i>STOT SE 3</i>	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
<i>H220</i>	Extremely flammable gas
<i>H232</i>	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
<i>H280</i>	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
<i>H290</i>	May be corrosive to metals
<i>H314</i>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
<i>H315</i>	Causes skin irritation
<i>H318</i>	Causes serious eye damage
<i>H319</i>	Causes serious eye irritation
<i>H330</i>	Fatal if inhaled
<i>H335</i>	May cause respiratory irritation
<i>H350</i>	May cause cancer
<i>H361</i>	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
<i>H372</i>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
<i>H400</i>	Very toxic to aquatic life
<i>H401</i>	Toxic to aquatic life
<i>H402</i>	Harmful to aquatic life

### NFPA Health Hazard



2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

### NFPA Fire Hazard

1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

### NFPA Reactivity

0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water



**HMIS III Rating**

*Health*

2 - Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

*Flammability*

1 - Slight Hazard

*Physical*

0 - Minimal Hazard

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)